## **Listing of Claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Claim 1 (Currently amended). A method for reversing the clearance of a previously executed derivatives trade, in which a buyer and a seller have executed the trade in a derivatives exchange or in an over\_the\_counter market, the method comprising:

storing data, in a memory, indicating that the executed trade has been accepted; in response to an electronic request from <u>one of the buyer and the seller a user</u>, retrieving the accepted-trade data from the memory;

displaying the retrieved data to the <u>one of the buyer and the seller</u> user on a <u>one of said buyer's and said seller's a-user interface;</u>

receiving an input from the <u>one of said buyer and said seller</u> user indicating that the acceptance of the executed trade should be negated;

in response to received input that trade should be negated, alerting the other of said buyer and said seller that a request to negate the acceptance of the executed trade has been received from one of said buyer and said seller;

receiving from the other of said buyer and said seller acceptance of the request to negate;

in response to the <u>acceptance of the request to negate</u>, received input, generating an offsetting transaction record for the buyer and an offsetting transaction record for the seller, in which the buyer's and seller's roles are reversed from what they were in the previously executed trade; and

repeating the storing steps using the offsetting transaction records for the buyer and seller, thereby negating the acceptance of the originally executed trade.

Claim 2 (Canceled).

Claim 3 (Original). The method of claim 1, further comprising:

receiving a matched trade from an electronic exchange or over the counter market, wherein the matched trade represents the previously executed trade; and accepting the matched trade.

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Claim 4 (Currently amended). The method of claim 1, wherein the displaying step

comprises:

transmitting, to a remote computer, a graphical user interface comprising a plurality of

rows and columns, wherein each row represents a particular derivatives trade that had been

previously executed and accepted, and each column represents a piece of information

concerning the particular trade.

Claims 5-7 (Canceled).

Claim 8 (Currently amended). The method of claim 1, wherein the buyer and the seller are

participants in a clearinghouse, wherein there is a first party to the executed trade, who is one

of is either the buyer or and the seller, and there is a second party to the executed trade, who

is on the opposing side of the first party, wherein the user represents the first party to the

executed trade, the method further comprising:

displaying a message to the second party on a display screen, wherein the message

queries the second party regarding whether the second party agrees that the executed trade

should not have been accepted; and

receiving an input from the second party that indicates that the second party agrees

that the executed trade should not have been accepted.

Claim 9-24 (Canceled).

Claim 25 (New). The method of claim 1, wherein the previously executed trade involved

derivatives.

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Claim 26 (New). A method for transferring a trading position of a previously executed trade, the method comprising:

providing a first participant in a trading clearinghouse a selection of one of a plurality of trading positions;

receiving from the first participant, an indication that the first participant wishes to transfer the selected trading position to a second participant in the trading clearinghouse;

providing to the second participant an equity run that displays the open trade equity value of the position to be accepted and transferred;

querying the second participant regarding whether the second participant wishes to assume the trading position itself;

receiving, from the second participant, an acceptance of the trading position; and in response to receiving the acceptance, transferring the position from the first participant to the second participant.

Claim 27 (New). A method for reversing the clearance of a previously executed trade involving the transfer of money, the method comprising:

receiving from a first participant in a trading clearinghouse an indication that the first participant wishes to transfer a given amount of money to a second participant in the trading clearinghouse;

querying the second participant regarding whether the second participant wishes to accept the money;

receiving, from the second participant, an acceptance of the money; and in response to receiving the acceptance, transferring the money from a bank account of the fist participant to a bank account of the second participant.